

Version 2.0

Revision Date 04/06/2015

Ref. 13000000517

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Tradename/Synonym	 DuPont[™] Suva[®] 407C Refrigerant Suva[®] 9000 R-407C Suva[®] R-407C 407C HFC 407C
Product Grade/Type	: ASHRAE Refrigerant number designation: R-407C
Product Use	: Refrigerant, For professional users only.
Restrictions on use Manufacturer/Supplier	 Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses DuPont 1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19898 United States of America
Product Information Medical Emergency Transport Emergency	 +1-800-441-7515 (outside the U.S. +1-302-774-1000) 1-800-441-3637 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1139) CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure

Liquefied gas

Safety Data Sheet		OUP
DuPont [™] Suva [®] 4070	C Refrigerant	
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Label content		
Pictogram		
Signal word	: Warning	
Hazardous warnings	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
Hazardous prevention measures	: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.	

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2	52 %
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)	354-33-6	25 %
Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	75-10-5	23 %



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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.				
Inhalation	: Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.				
Skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush area with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a physician.				
Eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.				
Ingestion	: Is not considered a potential route of exposure.				
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	 Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, dizziness or weakness 				
Protection of first-aiders	: If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.				
Notes to physician	: Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with special caution.				
ECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING M	IEASURES				

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Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	No applicable data available.

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Ref. 13000000517 Revision Date 04/06/2015 Specific hazards : Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames. This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other purposes. Experimental data have also been reported which indicate combustibility of this substance in the presence of certain concentrations of chlorine. Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal for firefighters protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire. Further information : Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire conditions. Water runoff should be contained and neutralized prior to release. SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect.



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Environmental precautions	: Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations.
Spill Cleanup	 Evaporates. Ventilate area using forced ventilation, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapors might collect.
Accidental Release Measures	: Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.
ECTION 7. HANDLING AND STO	RAGE
Handling (Personnel)	 Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. For personal protection see section 8.
Handling (Physical Aspects)	: The product should not be mixed with air for leak testing or used with air for any other purpose above atmospheric pressure. Contact with chlorine or other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.
Dust explosion class	: Not applicable
Storage	 Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present. The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.
Storage period	: > 10 yr
Storage temperature	: < 52 °C (< 126 °F)
ECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTR	DLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION



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Engineering controls	:	limits. Loc Mechanic Concentra in work ar	cal exhaust should be al ventilation should ation monitors may b	ep employee exposure below recommended e used when large amounts are released. be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant e necessary to determine vapor concentrations orches or other open flames, or if employees are
Personal protective equipmen Respiratory protection			rmal manufacturing c ng this product.	conditions, no respiratory protection is required
Hand protection	:	Additiona	I protection: Impervic	ous gloves
Eye protection	:	the possib		shields. Additionally wear a face shield where ontact due to splashing, spraying or airborne
Protective measures	:	Self-conta occurs.	ained breathing appa	ratus (SCBA) is required if a large release
Exposure Guidelines Exposure Limit Values				
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane AEL *	(DL	JPONT)	1,000 ppm	8 & 12 hr. TWA
Pentafluoroethane AEL *	(DL	JPONT)	1,000 ppm	8 & 12 hr. TWA
Difluoromethane AEL *	(DL	JPONT)	1,000 ppm	8 & 12 hr. TWA

* AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.



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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical state Form Color	: gaseous : Liquefied gas : colourless
Odor	: slight, ether-like
Odor threshold	: No applicable data available.
рН	: No applicable data available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Melting point/range Not available for this mixture.
Boiling point/boiling range	: Boiling point -43.6 °C (-46.5 °F)
Flash point	: does not flash
Evaporation rate	: No applicable data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No applicable data available.
Upper explosion limit	: Method: None per ASTM E681
Lower explosion limit	: Method: None per ASTM E681
Vapor pressure	: 11,903 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)
Vapor density	: 3.0 at 25°C (77°F) and 1013 hPa (Air=1.0)
Density	: 1.136 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F) (as liquid)
Density	: 0.0042 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F) at (1,013 hPa)
Specific gravity (Relative density)	: 1.14 at 25 °C (77 °F)
Water solubility	: not determined
Solubility(ies)	: No applicable data available.



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Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No applicable data available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: No applicable data available.
Decomposition temperature	: No applicable data available.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No applicable data available.
Viscosity	: No applicable data available.
% Volatile	: 100 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid open flames and high temperatures.
Incompatible materials	:	Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals, Powdered metals, Powdered metal salts
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride., These materials are toxic and irritating., Avoid contact with decomposition products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) Inhalation 4 h LC50	: > 567000 ppm , Rat	
Inhalation No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	: 40000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization	
Inhalation Low Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC)	: 80000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization	
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Version 2.0 Revision Date 04/06/2015 Ref. 13000000517 Skin irritation No skin irritation, Rabbit : Eve irritation No eye irritation, Rabbit : Skin sensitization Does not cause skin sensitisation., Guinea pig : Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., Rat Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation Rat gas NOAEL: 50000, No toxicologically significant effects were found. Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. : Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic. Mutagenicity Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects. Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction No effects on or via lactation Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity. Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity. Teratogenicity : Further information Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 334000 mg/m3 Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125) Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 800000 ppm , Rat Inhalation No Observed : 100000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization Adverse Effect Concentration Inhalation Low Observed : 75000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC) Skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., human Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation : Rat 9/14



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	- gas NOAEL: > 50000, No toxicologically significant effects were found.
Carcinogenicity	 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic.
Mutagenicity	 Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Evidence suggests this substance does not cause genetic damage in cultured mammalian cells. Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.
Reproductive toxicity	: No toxicity to reproduction Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.
Teratogenicity	: Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.
Further information	: Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 490000 mg/m3
Difluoromethane (HFC-32) Inhalation 4 h LC50	: > 520000 ppm , Rat
Inhalation Low Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC) Inhalation No Observed Adverse Effect	 > 350000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization : 350000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization
Concentration Skin irritation	 No skin irritation, Not tested on animals Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
Eye irritation	 No eye irritation, Not tested on animals Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
Skin sensitization	 Does not cause skin sensitisation., Not tested on animals Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the properties of the substance.
	There are no reports of human respiratory sensitization.
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	Repeated dose toxicity	:	Inhalation Rat					
			No toxicologically significant effects were found.					
	Mutagenicity	:	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.					
	Reproductive toxicity	:	No toxicity to reproduction Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.					
	Teratogenicity	:	Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.					
	Further information	:	Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : > 735000 mg/m3					
 Carcinogenicity The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition). None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen. 								
	SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION							
	Aquatic Toxicity 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) 96 h LC50	:	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l					
	96 h ErC50	:	Algae 142 mg/l					

- Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
- 72 h NOEC : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
- 48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l

Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)



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96 h LC50	: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.						
96 h ErC50	: Algae 142 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.						
72 h NOEC	: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.						
48 h EC50	: Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.						
Difluoromethane (HFC-32)							
96 h LC50	: Fish 1,507 mg/l						
96 h EC50	: Algae 142 mg/l						
48 h EC50	: Daphnia (water flea) 652 mg/l						
30 d	: NOEC Fish (unspecified species) 65.8 mg/l						
Environmental Fate							
Difluoromethane (HFC-32) Biodegradability	: 5 % OECD Test Guideline 301D Not readily biodegradable.						
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONS	IDERATIONS						
Waste disposal methods - Product	 Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal, State/Provincial and Local Regulations. 						
Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.							
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INF							
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IATA_C	Proper shij Class Labelling N UN numbe		: Refrigerant gas R 407C : 2.2 : 2.2 : 3340			
	Proper shi	oping name	: Refrigerant gas R 407C			
IMDG	Class Labelling N	r oping name lo.	: 2.2 : 2.2 : 3340 : REFRIGERANT GAS R 407C : 2.2 : 2.2			
SECTION 15. RE	GULATORY INF					
SARA 313 Regulated : Chemical(s)		: This materia numbers tha	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.			
Regulated Chemical(s)concentratiDifluoromeDifluoromeNJ Right to Know: SubstancesRegulated Chemical(s)at a concer		concentratio	Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances): Difluoromethane			
		at a concent	on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present tration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as , mutagens or teratogens): Difluoromethane			

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Suva is a registered trademark of E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company [®] DuPont's registered trademark Before use read DuPont's safety information. For further information contact the local DuPont office or DuPont's nominated distributors.



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